

Demographics and Future Transit Needs

Minnesota Public Transit Association Fall Conference

Megan Dayton, Senior Demographer October 24, 2023 GLY 982.07 1219.39 237.32 \$\times 24.17\% PCW 811.44 1029.66 218.22 \$\times 26.89\% VDA 113.74 143.41 29.67 \$\times 26.09\% AlX 361.77 451.39 89.62 \$\times 24.77\% UVV 468.08 535.41 67.33 \$\times 14.38\% ZJJ 858.36 994.57 136.21 \$\times 15.87\% HJS 545.49 659.05 113.56 \$\times 20.82\% RHJ 894.79 1046.68 151.89 \$\times 16.97\% AlX 361.77 451.39 89.62 \$\times 24.77\% AlX 361.77 451.39 89.62 \$\times 24.77\

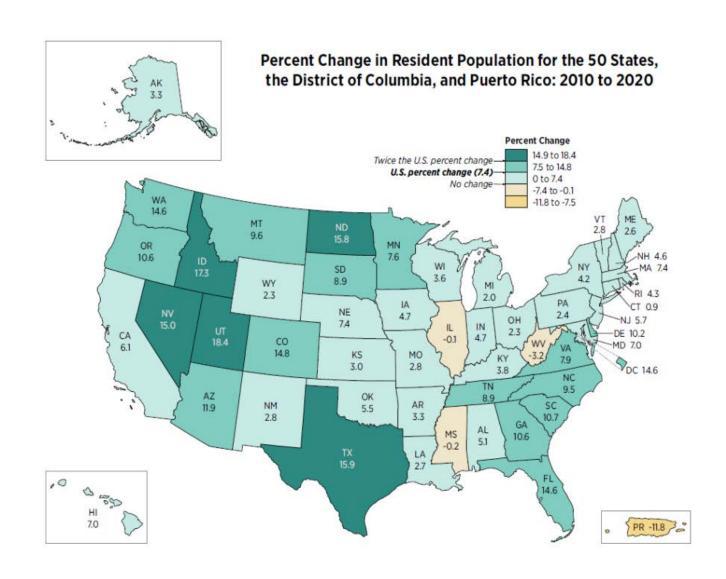
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- Population
 Change:
 Understanding
 Minnesota's
 Demographic
 Landscape
- Age
 Distribution:
 Unpacking
 trends in aging
 for immediate
 and long-term
 planning
- Diversity:

 Highlighting diverse
 communities and their unique needs
- Labor Force:

 Exploring
 challenges
 and
 opportunities
 in change

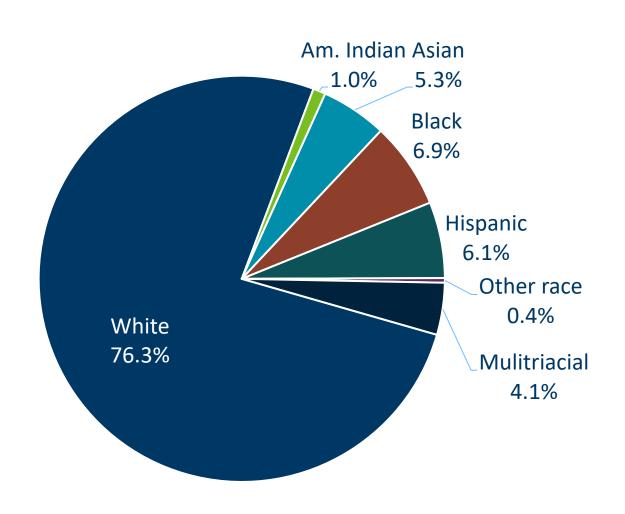
From the 2020 Census:



Population growth fully attributable to BIPOC groups

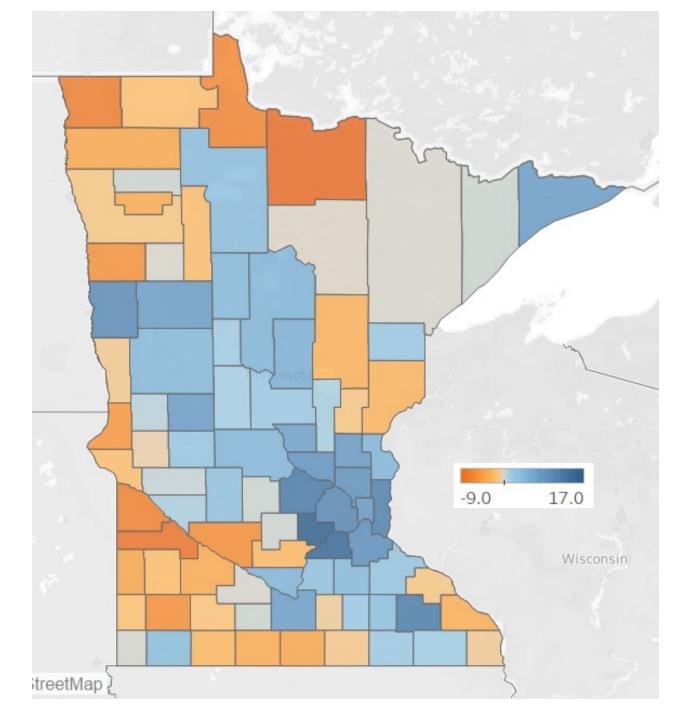
	2010	2020
Total population	5,303,925	5,706,494
White	4,405,142	4,353,880
American Indian	55,421	57,046
Asian or Pacific Islander	214,856	300,081
Black or African American	269,141	392,850
Hispanic or Latinx	250,258	345,640
Some other race	5,947	20,963
Two or more races	103,160	236,034

Minnesota residents belonging to BIPOC race groups are a growing share of the population



- White non-Hispanic population declined by 51,000 residents
- BIPOC populations grew by 454,000 jointly, now making up 23.7% of the state's population





Percent Change, Total Population, 2010-2020

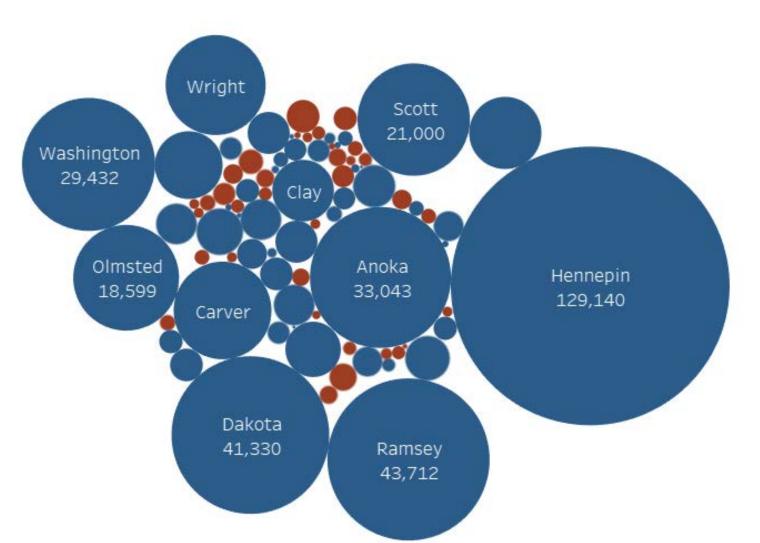
Largest Gains (Percentage)

Rank	County	Numeric change	Percentage Change
1	Carver	15,880	17.4%
2	Scott	21,000	16.2%
3	Wright	16,637	13.3%
4	Olmsted	18,599	12.9%
5	Washington	29,432	12.4%

Largest Losses (Percentage)

82	Renville	(1,007)	-6.4%
83	Lake of the Woods	(282)	-7.0%
84	Lac qui Parle	(540)	-7.4%
85	Kittson	(345)	-7.6%
86	Yellow Medicine	(910)	-8.7%
87	Koochiching	(1,249)	-9.4%

Population change by county (numeric), 2010-2020



- 51 counties gained population.
- 36 counties lost population.
- The 7-county Twin Cities metro added 313,537 people, 78% of the state's growth.

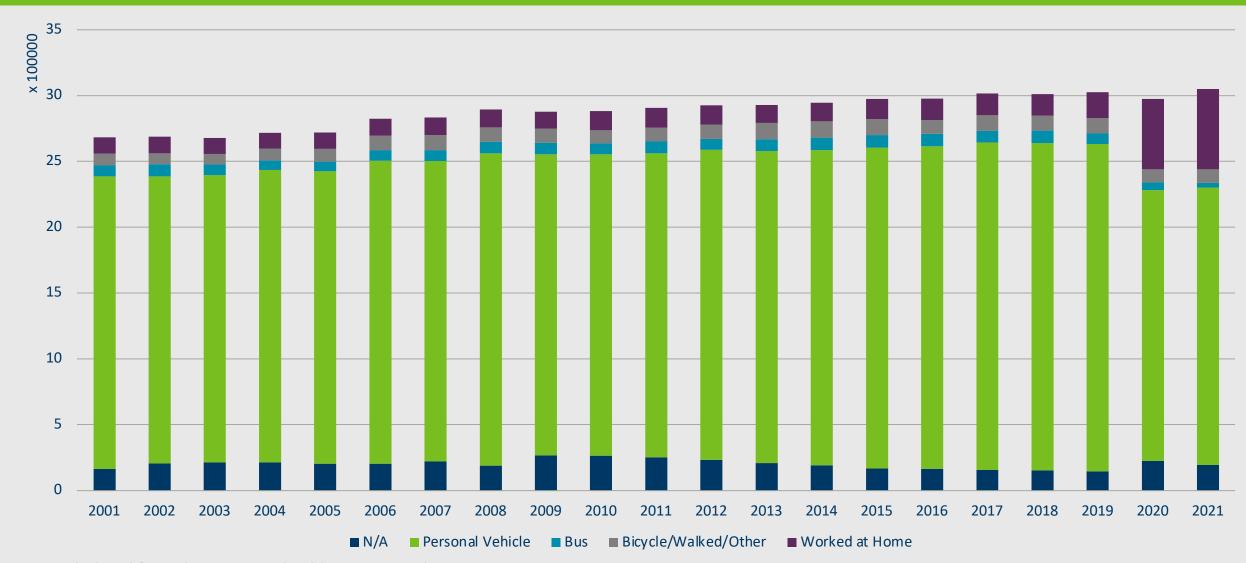
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 and 2020 Censuses

Rank	City	Population added 2010-2020
1	Minneapolis	47,376
2	St. Paul	26,459
3	Rochester	14,626
4	Lakeville	13,536
5	Woodbury	13,141
6	Blaine	13,036
7	Brooklyn Park	10,697
8	Plymouth	10,450
9	Maple Grove	8,686
10	Apple Valley	7,290
11	Bloomington	7,094
12	Shakopee	6,622
13	Moorhead	6,440
14	Otsego	6,395
15	Savage	5,554
16	Edina	5,553
17	Mankato	5,179
18	Prior Lake	4,821
19	St. Louis Park	4,760
20	Rogers	4,698

Minnesota's fastest growing cities, 2010-2020

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 and 2020 Censuses

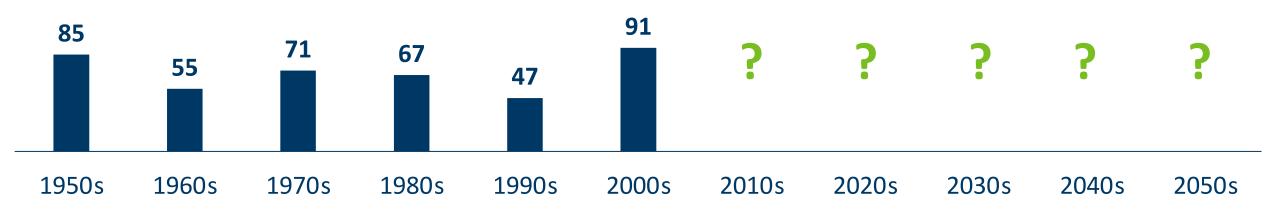
Pandemic telework has a sustained impact on both private and public transportation





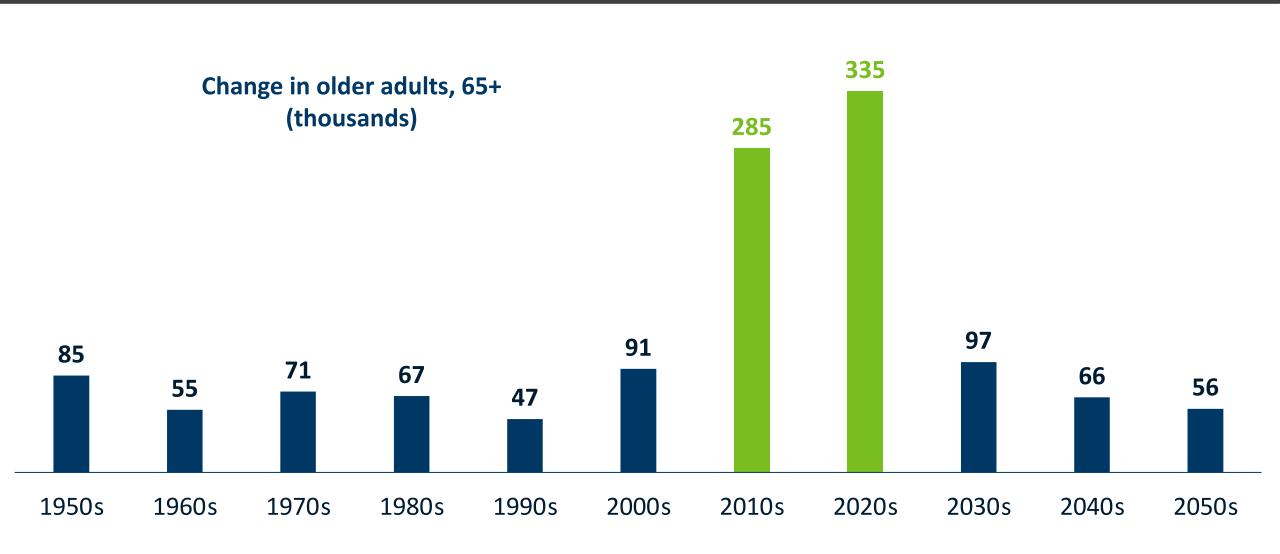
MN's 65+ population





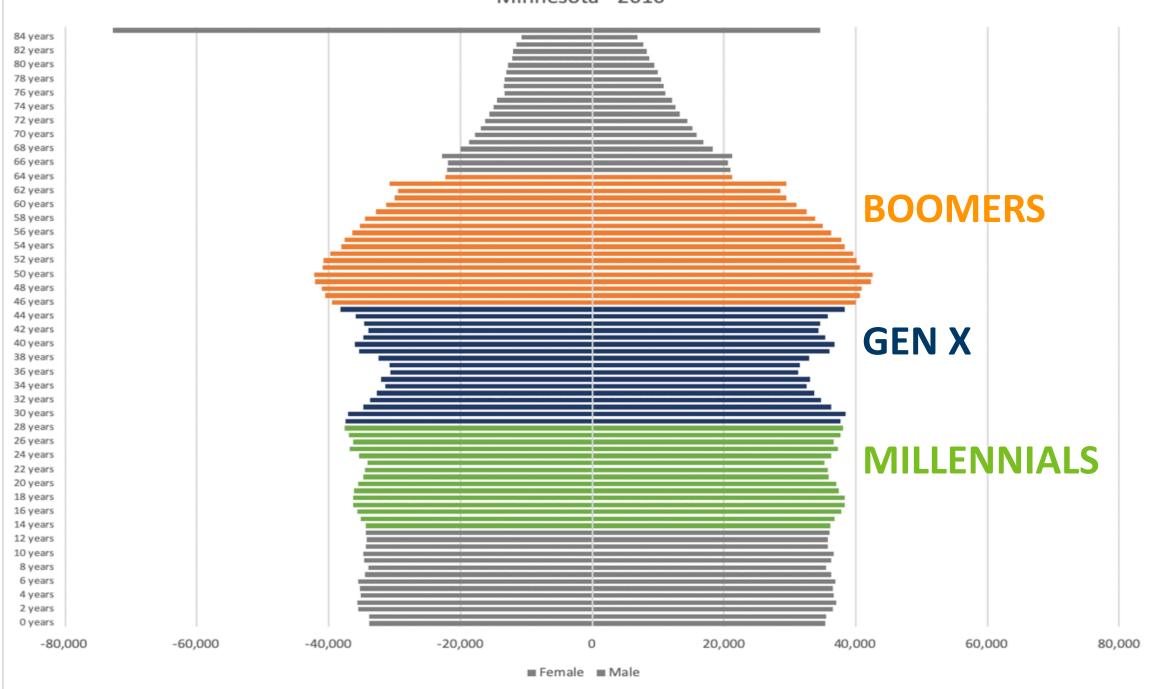
Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, MN State Demographic Center

Unprecedented increases in MN's 65+ population

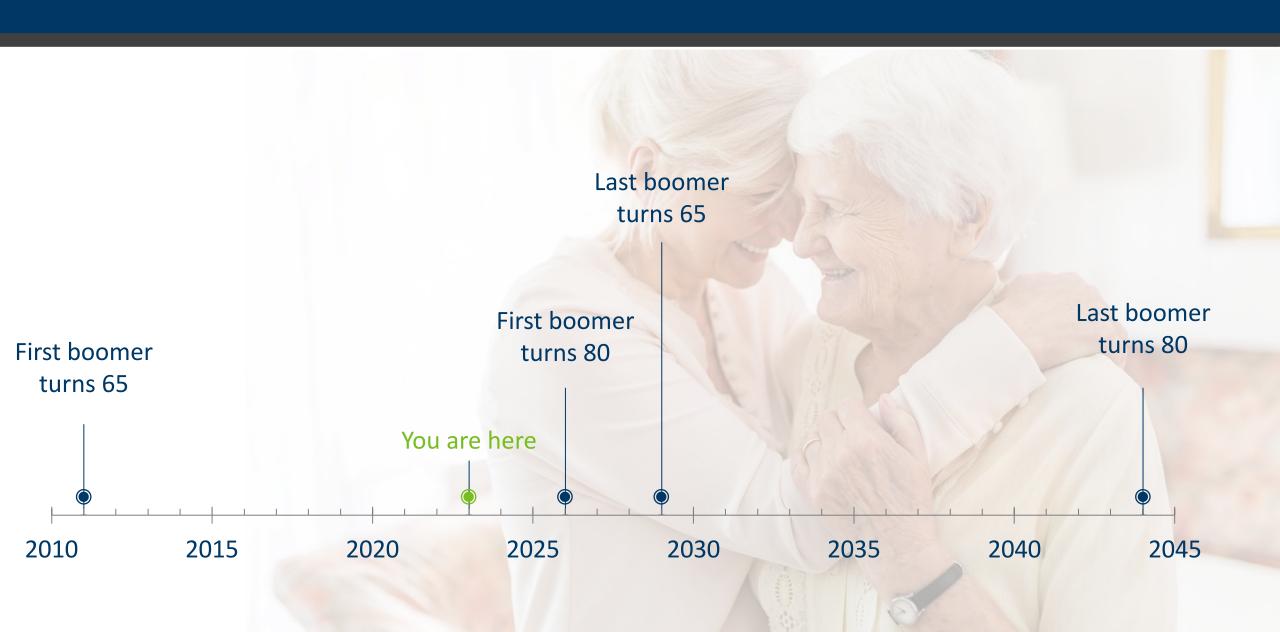


Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, MN State Demographic Center

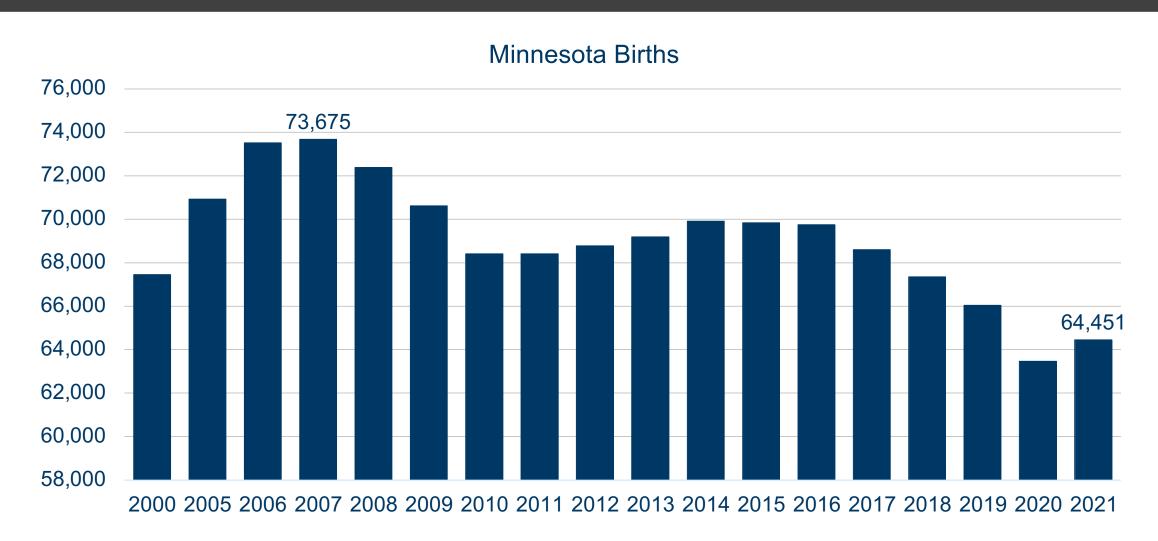
Minnesota - 2010



Right now, Boomers are leaving the workforce

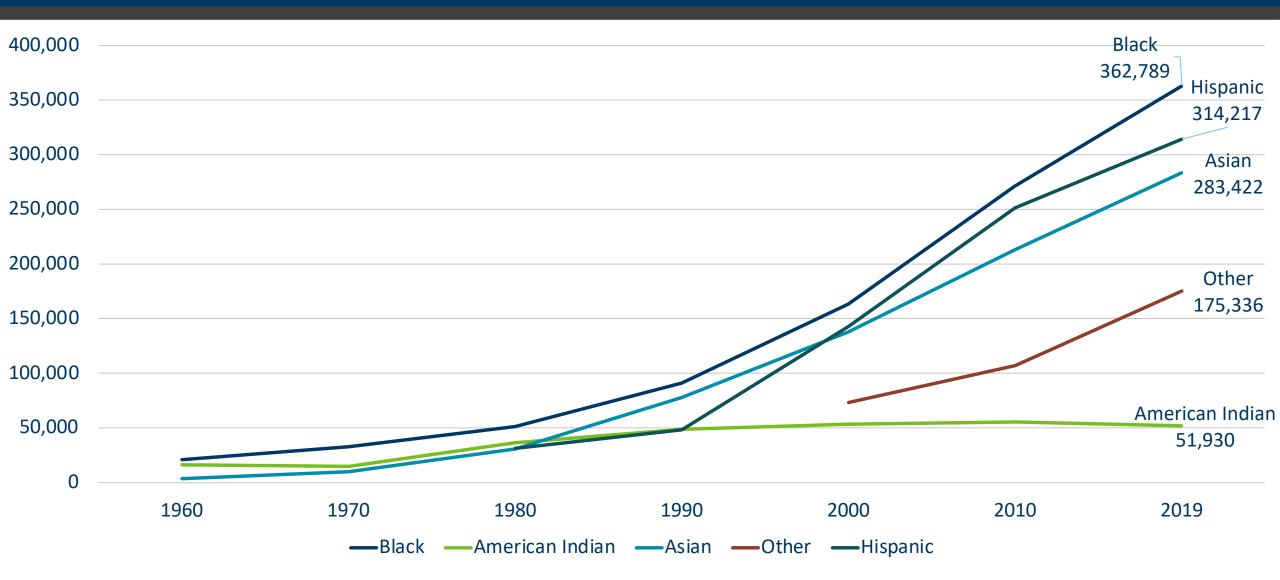


Number of births remains down by about 9,000 compared to the height in 2007



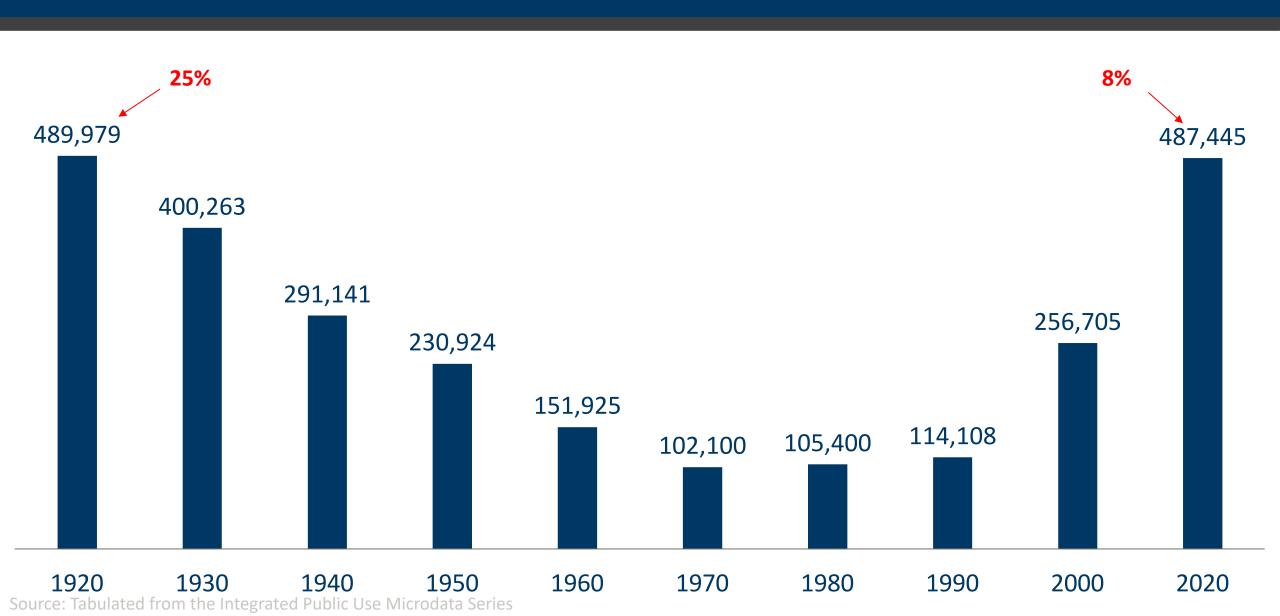


Census race categories

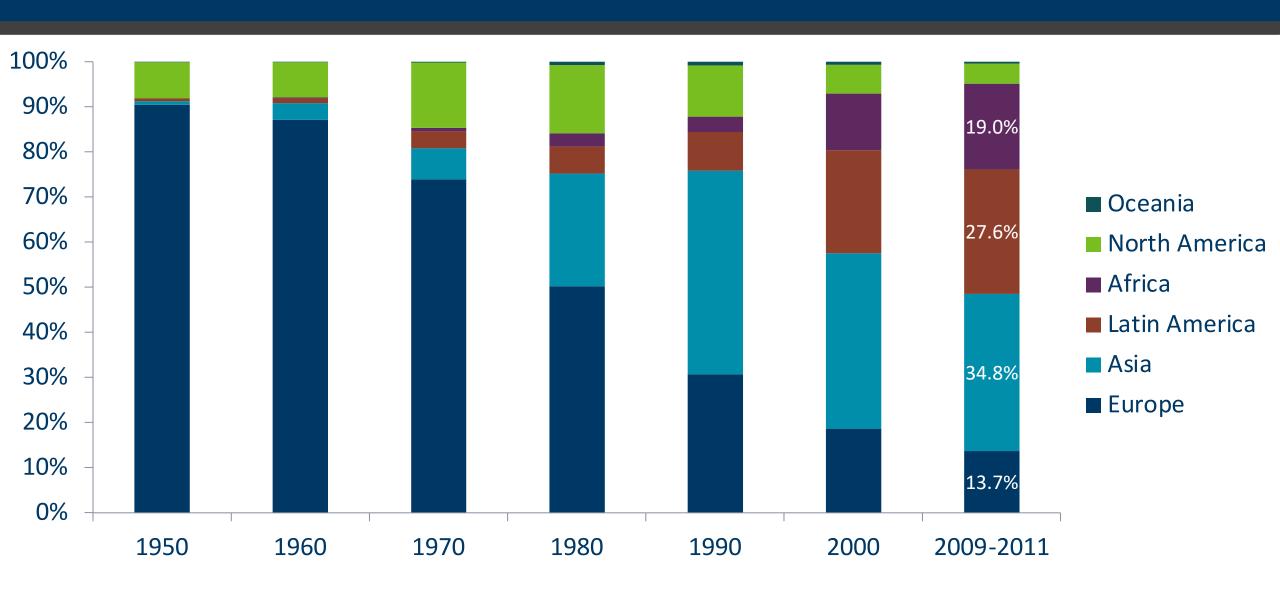


Source: Tabulated from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, 1960-2010 Decennial Census, 2019 ACS Estimates

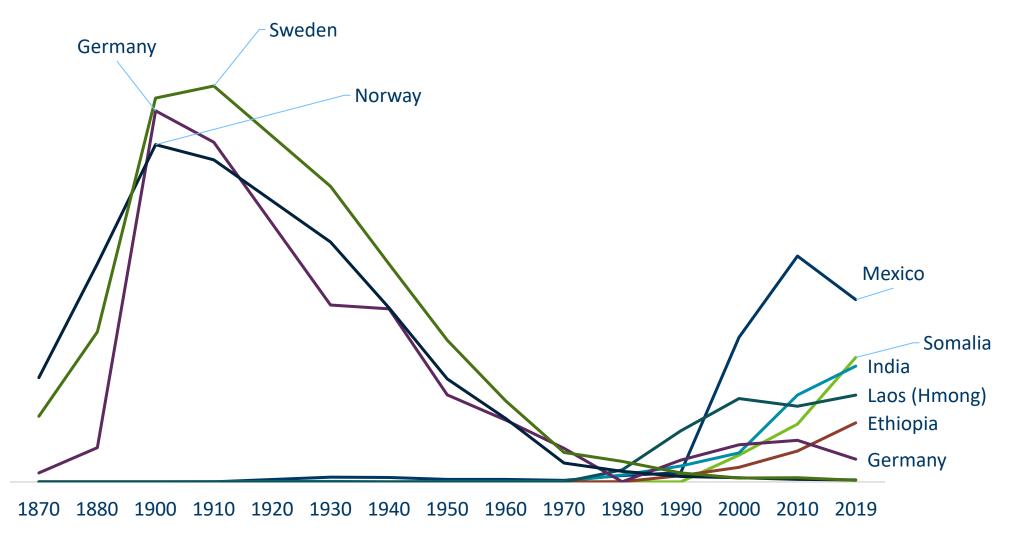
Foreign-Born Population, 1920-present



Minnesota's foreign-born population across the globe

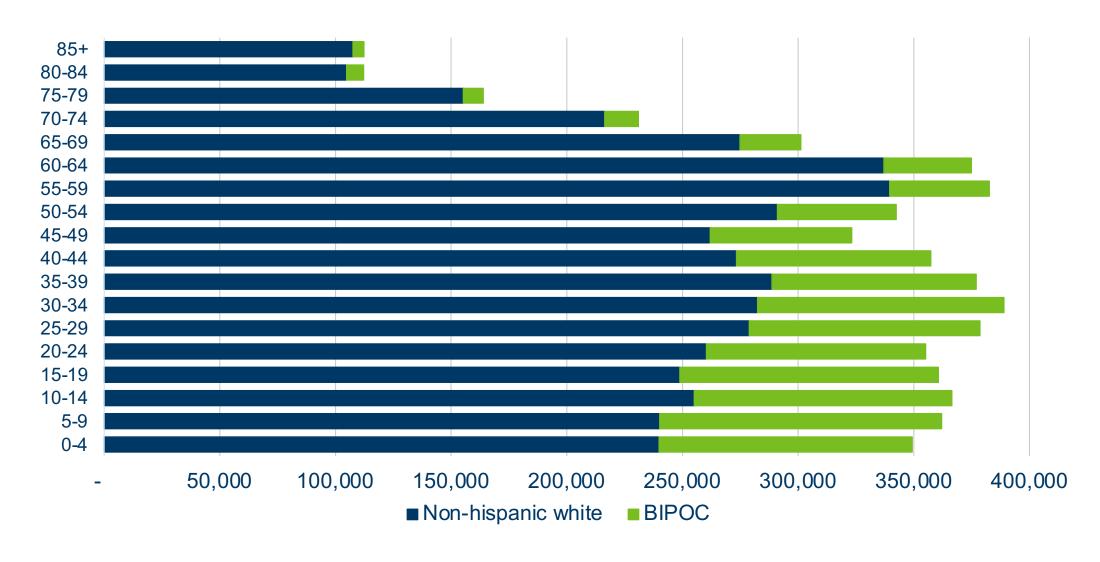


Foreign-Born Country of Birth



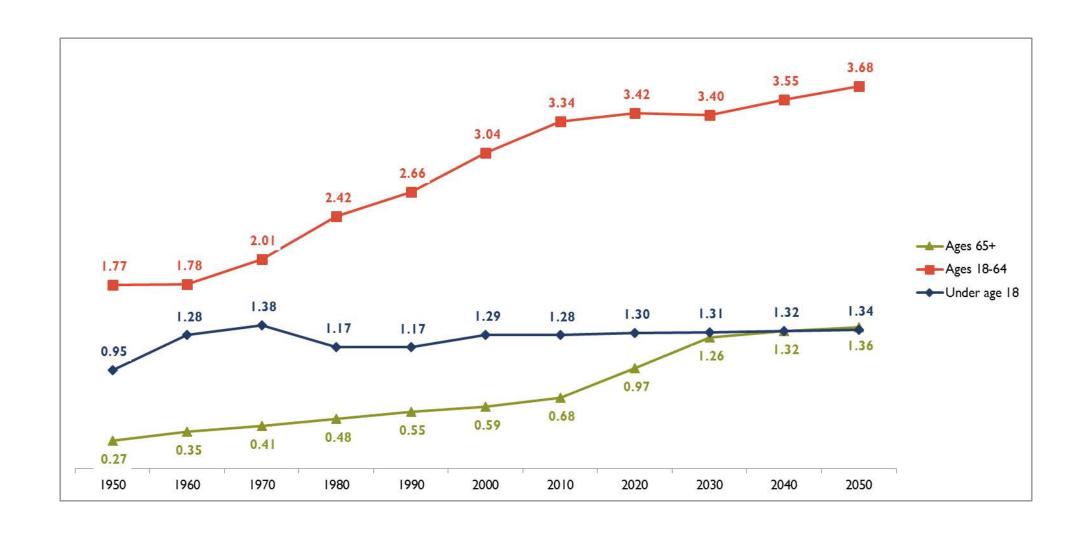
Source: Tabulated by the Minnesota State Demographic Center from the Integrated Public Use Microdata Series, U.S. Census Bureau data

Age-based diversity momentum

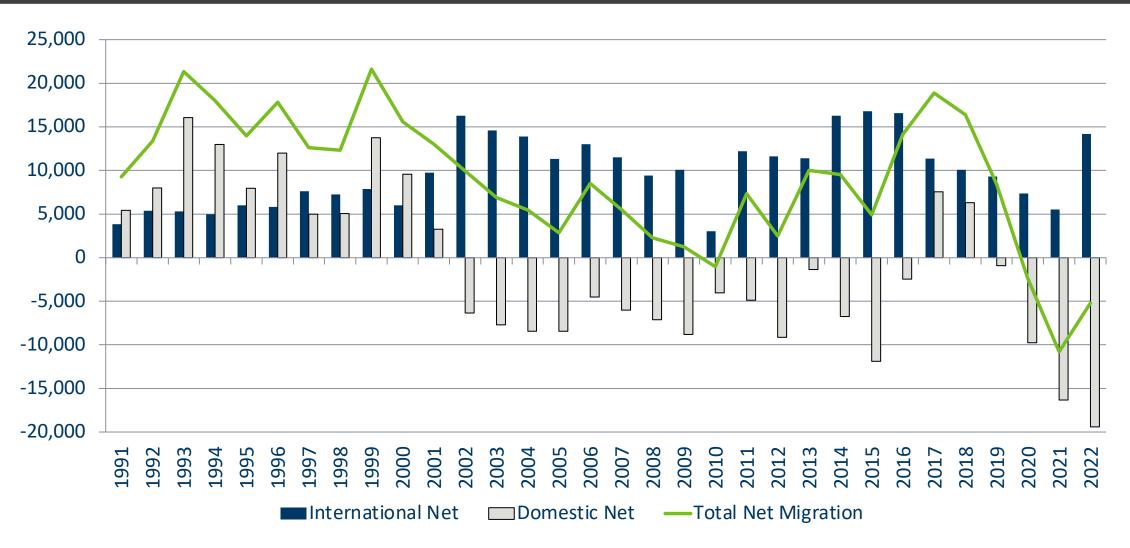




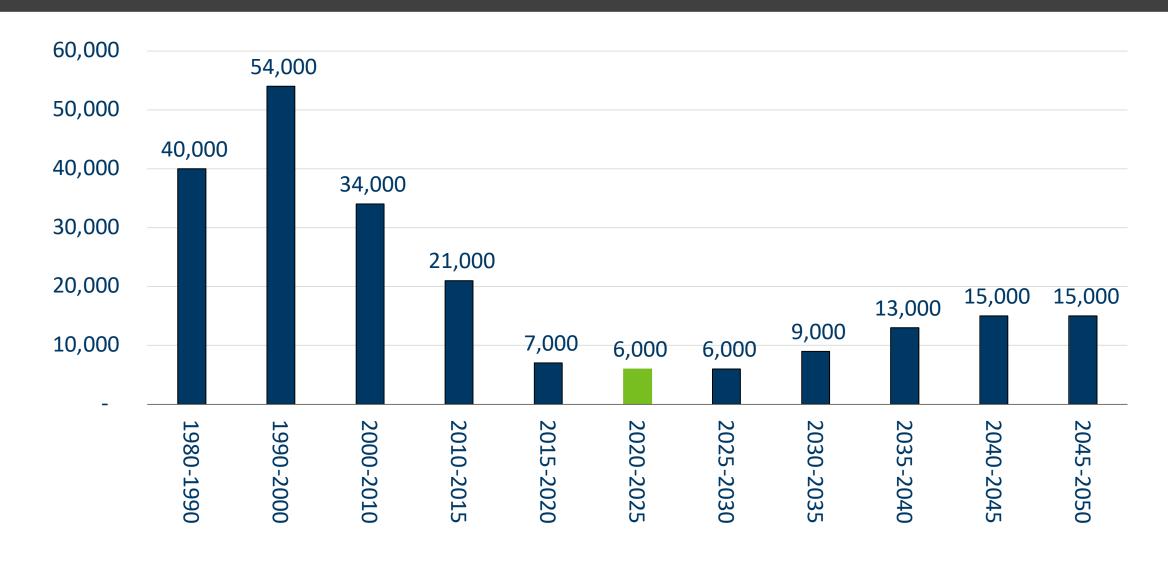
Little-to-no growth in working-age population in MN, next 15 years



Total net migration has been negative for three consecutive years—the first time in 30 years

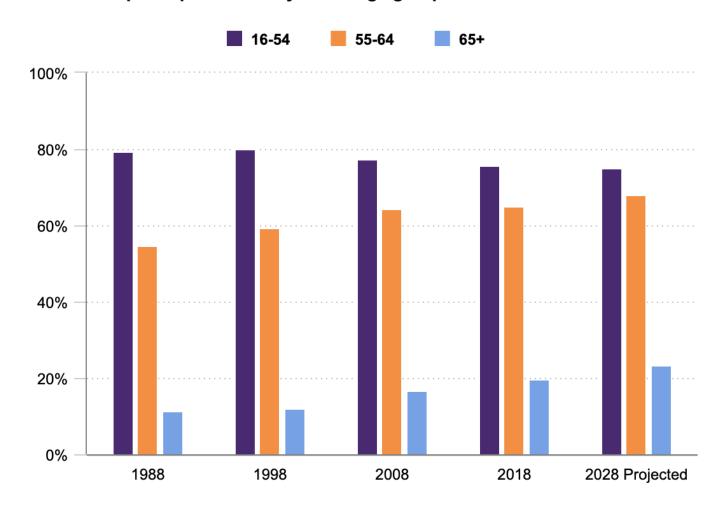


Minnesota's labor force growth is projected to slow further, next 10 years



Women and aging affect trends in labor force growth

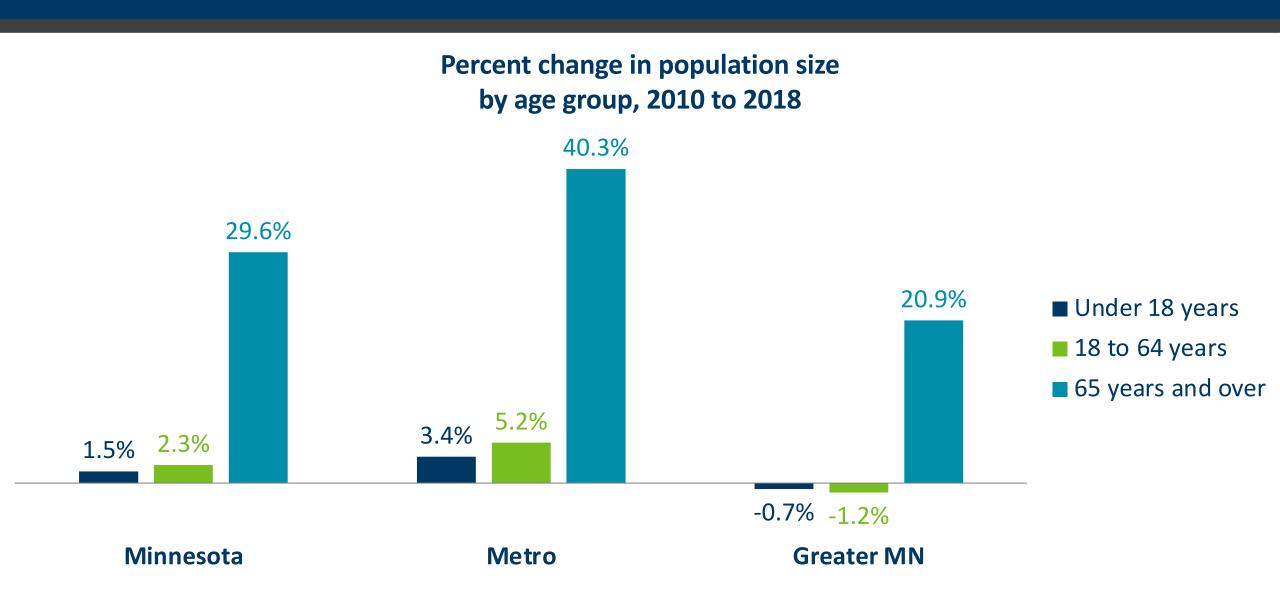
Labor force participation rate by select age group



Click legend items to change data display. Hover over chart to view data. Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

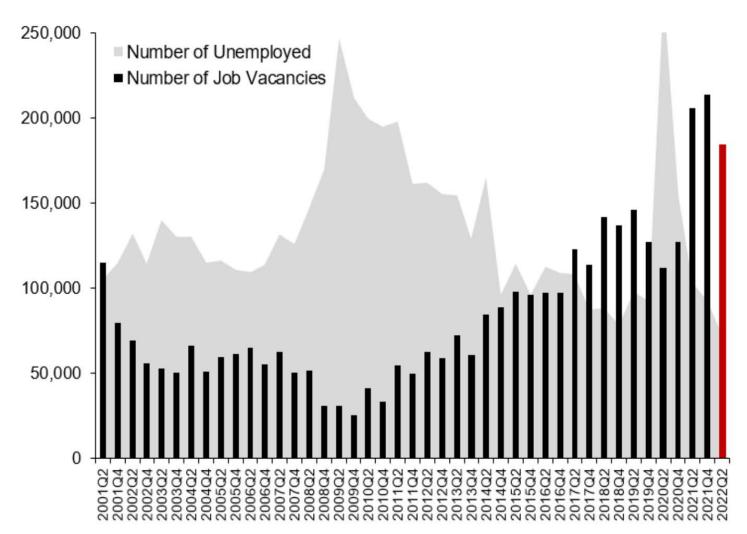


Greater MN losing kids, workers but gaining older adults

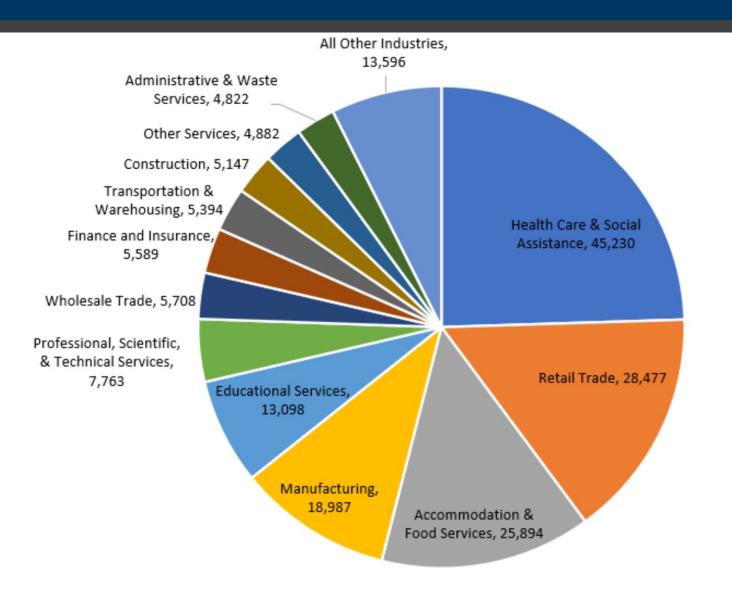


185,000 job openings in Minnesota in early 2022

Figure 1. Minnesota Job Vacancies and Unemployed, Second Quarter 2001 to Second Quarter 2022

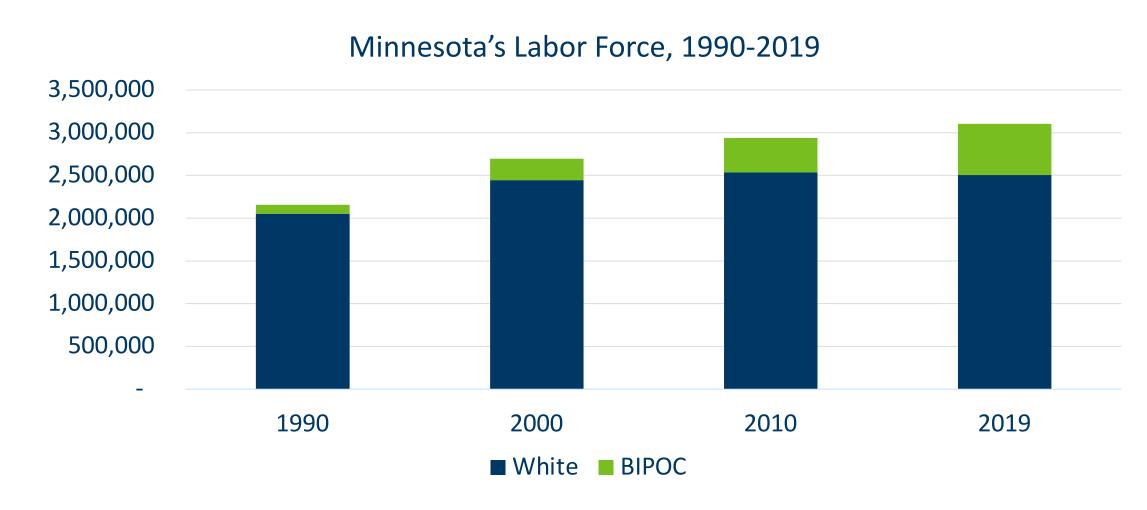


Nearly 1 in 4 job vacancies in healthcare



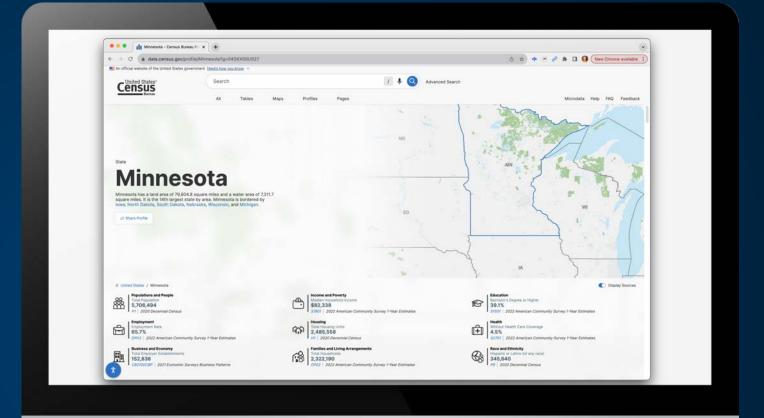
Source: MN DEED, Job Vacancy Survey

Modest growth of the workforce overall is attributable to the addition of BIPOC workers



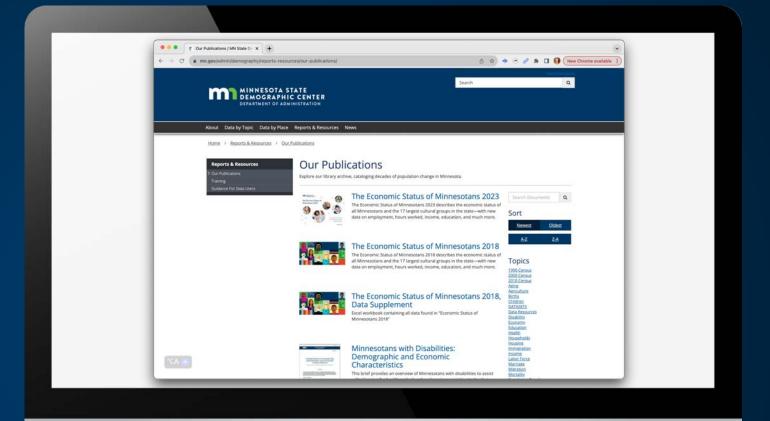
Census Bureau Data

data.census.gov



State Demographic Center

• mn.gov/demography





Minnesota is changing rapidly, with significant growth in the aging and BIPOC population

Disparities that exist between urban and rural communities, as well as among different racial and ethnic groups, present compelling challenges and opportunities in planning for our future

These demographic trends underscore the importance of fostering adaptive, responsive, and inclusive policies and practices that can effectively meet the evolving needs of Minnesota's diverse population

